

Primary Care Training and Enhancement Program

Academic Year 2014-2015

Programs in the Primary Care Training and Enhancement Program aim to strengthen the primary care workforce by supporting enhanced training for future primary care clinicians, teachers, and researchers and by promoting primary care practice in rural and underserved areas. Below is a descriptive summary of the characteristics and accomplishments of grantee programs and trainees who received funding support during Academic Year 2014-2015.

Program Characteristics

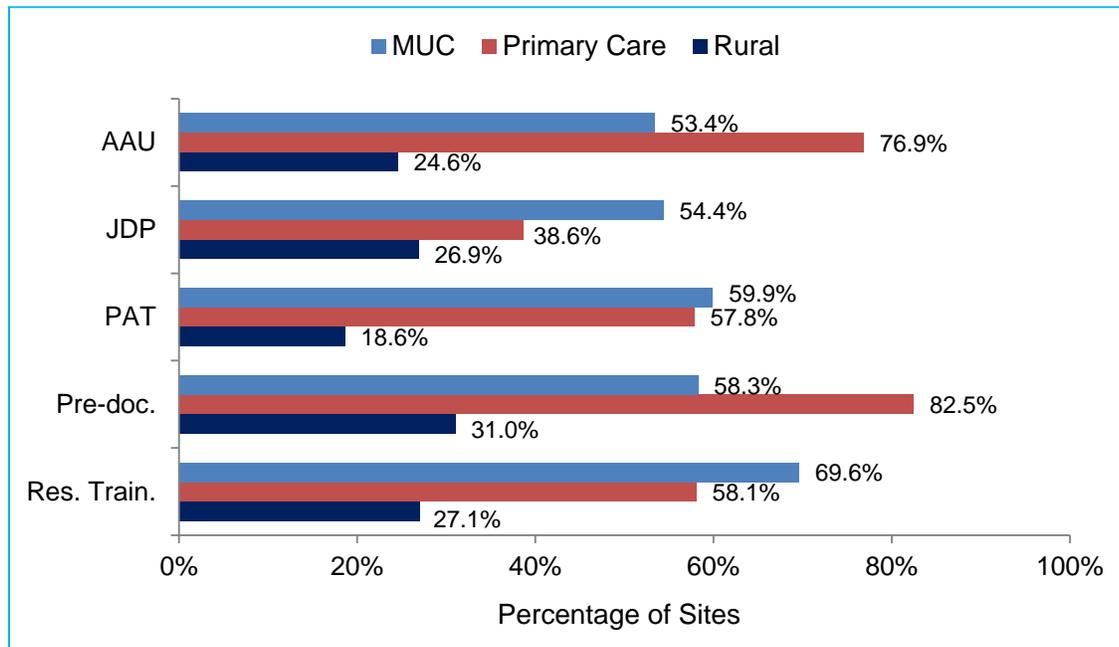
| Program Name | Grantees | Trainees | Trainee Characteristics | | | | Graduates / Program Completers |
|--------------------|----------|----------|----------------------------|-------|---------------|-------|--------------------------------|
| | | | Under represented Minority | | Disadvantaged | | |
| AAU | 23 | 8,987 | 764 | 8.5% | 1,384 | 15.4% | 1,962 |
| JDP | 12 | 4,003 | 623 | 15.6% | 290 | 7.2% | 1,561 |
| PAT | 30 | 4,390 | 1,529 | 34.8% | 1,272 | 29.0% | 1,350 |
| Pre-doctoral | 37 | 13,313 | 2,854 | 21.4% | 2,225 | 16.7% | 3,018 |
| Residency Training | 45 | 1,761 | 541 | 30.7% | 428 | 24.3% | 561 |

Academic Administrative Units (AAU)

Interdisciplinary and Interprofessional Joint Graduate Degree Program (JDP)

Physician Assistant Training Program in Primary Care (PAT)

Training Sites in HRSA-Designated Settings



Pre-doctoral Training in Primary Care (Pre-doctoral)

Residency Training in Primary Care (Residency Training)

Note: Percentage of training sites in HRSA-designated settings by program. Training settings are not mutually exclusive. MUC: Medically Underserved Community.

For more information, visit the website: bhw.hrsa.gov

Primary Care Training and Enhancement Program

Academic Administrative Units (AAU)

- Trainees reported 1,146,342 patient encounters in primary care training settings.
- Over 7,500 individuals participated in interprofessional team-based care alongside AAU trainees across all AAU-supported training sites.
- The majority of the faculty physicians training in AAU-funded faculty development activities specialized in geriatrics (54 percent) or family medicine (17 percent).
- A total of 1,255 new physicians (MD and/or DO) graduated from medical school and 568 physicians completed AAU-supported residency programs.

Physician Assistant Training Program in Primary Care (PAT)

- Nearly 10 percent of students were veterans or active duty military.
- Over 2,000 individuals participated in interprofessional team-based care with PAT students.
- Physician assistant students intended to seek employment in primary care (43 percent) and/or MUCs (29 percent).

Interdisciplinary and Interprofessional Joint Graduate Degree Program (JDP)

- Over 77 percent of medical students (MD and/or DO) and nearly 4 percent of physician assistant students were pursuing joint degrees.
- Nearly 20 percent of students reported coming from a rural background.
- Over 1,700 individuals participated in interprofessional team-based care with JDP trainees.
- A total of 1,482 physicians and 79 physician assistants completed their joint degree programs.

Pre-doctoral Training in Primary Care (Pre-doctoral)

- Nearly 20 percent of medical students reported coming from a rural background.
- Over 4,500 individuals participated in interprofessional team-based care alongside medical students.
- The program implemented 253 courses and training activities in order to integrate primary care and innovative teaching into medical school curriculum.
- Over 69 percent of medical students intended to apply to primary care residency programs.

Residency Training in Primary Care (Residency Training)

- Over 7,500 individuals participated in interprofessional team-based care alongside medical residents.
- Grantees of this program developed, enhanced, and implemented 341 courses and training activities for both medical residents and interprofessional trainees.
- Grantees offered 125 faculty development activities to 2,094 primary care faculty and community physicians training to become instructors.
- Residents intended to seek employment in primary care (89 percent), MUCs (67 percent), and/or rural areas (42 percent).